ROSS VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT COUNTY OF MARIN SAN ANSELMO, CALIFORNIA

AUDIT REPORT

JUNE 30, 2012

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JUNE 30, 2012

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Ross Valley School District San Anselmo, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ross Valley School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Ross Valley School District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

The financial statements do not include financial data for the District's legally separate component unit. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for the component unit to be reported with the financial data of the District's primary government unless the District also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component unit. The District has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. The assets, liabilities, net assets, fund balance, revenues, expenses (expenditures) of the discretely presented component unit were not available.

In our opinion, because of the omission of the discretely presented component unit, as discussed above, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the discretely presented component unit of the District, as of June 30, 2012, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended.

In addition, in our opinion, except for the effects of omitting the discretely presented component unit as discussed above, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ross Valley School District, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Board of Education Ross Valley School District Page Two

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 7, 2012 on our consideration of the Ross Valley School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 13, the budgetary comparison information on page 47, and the schedule of funding progress on page 50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Ross Valley School District's financial statements as a whole. The accompanying combining fund financial statements and supplementary schedules listed in the table of contents, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, which is presented as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Stephen Roatch Accountancy Corporation

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Certified Public Accountants

December 7, 2012

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

This section of Ross Valley School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2012. Please read it in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report presented on pages 1 and 2, and the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, presented on pages 14 and 15, provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. The fund financial statements for governmental activities, presented on pages 16 through 19, provide information about how District services were financed in the short-term, and how much remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. The remaining statement provides financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside the District.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- > The District's overall financial status improved during the year, as total net assets increased 14.0%.
- > On the Statement of Activities, total current year revenues exceeded total current year expenses by \$910,071.
- Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased \$1,967,394, due to the current year acquisition and/or construction of \$3,264,238 of new capital assets, and the current year recognition of \$1,296,844 of depreciation expense.
- > Total long-term liabilities decreased \$567,628, due primarily to the current year reduction of the District's obligation for general obligation bonds.
- The District's P-2 average daily attendance (ADA) increased from 1,992 ADA in fiscal year 2010-11, up to 2,124 ADA in fiscal year 2011-12, an increase of 132 ADA or 6.6%.
- > The District's General Fund produced an operating surplus of \$689,299 during fiscal year 2011-12, and recognized a \$122,575 increase in its available reserves.
- The District maintains sufficient reserves for a district its size. It meets the state required minimum reserve for economic uncertainty of 3% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo). During fiscal year 2011-12, General Fund expenditures and other financing uses totaled \$17,940,220. At June 30, 2012, the District had available reserves of \$2,905,591 which represents a reserve of 16.2%.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

THE FINANCIAL REPORT

The full annual financial report consists of three separate parts, including the basic financial statements, supplementary information, and management's discussion and analysis. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives, government-wide and funds.

- Government-wide financial statements, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial position.
- Individual parts of the District, which are reported as fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - Basic services funding is described in the governmental funds statements. These statements include short-term financing and identify the balance remaining for future spending.
 - Short and long-term financial information about the activities of the District that operate like businesses are provided in the proprietary fund statements.
 - Financial relationships, for which the District acts as an agent or trustee for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong, are presented in the fiduciary funds statements.

Notes to the financials, which are included in the financial statements, provide more detailed data and explain some of the information in the statements. The required supplementary information provides further explanations and provides additional support for the financial statements. A comparison of the District's budget for the year is included.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The District as a whole is reported in the Government-wide statements and uses accounting methods similar to those used by companies in the private sector. All of the District's assets and liabilities are included in the Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activities reports all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The District's financial health or position (net assets) can be measured by the difference between the District's assets and liabilities.

- > Increases or decreases in the net assets of the District over time are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- Additional non-financial factors such as the condition of school buildings and other facilities, and changes in the property tax base of the District need to be considered in assessing the overall health of the District.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

THE FINANCIAL REPORT (CONCLUDED)

Reporting the District as a Whole (Concluded)

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we divide the District into two kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities:

The basic services provided by the District, such as regular and special education, administration, and special education transportation are included here, and are primarily financed by property taxes and state formula aid. Non-basic services, such as child nutrition are also included here, but are financed by a combination of local revenues, and state and federal programs.

Business-type Activities:

The District does not provide any services that should be included in this category.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

The District's fund-based financial statements provide detailed information about the District's most significant funds. Some funds are required to be established by State law and bond covenants. However, the District establishes many other funds as needed to control and manage money for specific purposes.

Governmental Funds:

The major governmental funds of Ross Valley School District are the General Fund, Bond Interest and Redemption Fund, and Building Fund. Governmental fund reporting focuses on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balances that remain at the end of the year. A modified accrual basis of accounting measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and services. Governmental fund information helps to determine the level of financial resources available in the near future to finance the District's programs.

Proprietary Funds:

Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds on a full accrual basis. These include both Enterprise funds and Internal Service funds. Enterprise funds are considered business-type activities and are also reported under a full accrual method. This is the same basis as business-type activities; therefore no reconciling entries are required. Internal service funds are reported with the Governmental Funds. The District has no funds of this type.

Fiduciary Funds:

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activity funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate fiduciary statement. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance their operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

The District's net assets increased from \$6,479,057 at June 30, 2011, up to \$7,389,128 at June 30, 2012, an increase of 14.0%.

	Governmental							
	Activities							
		2011		2012				
Assets	•	40,000,077	•	44 000 000				
Deposits and Investments	\$	12,906,977	\$	11,396,668				
Receivables		2,805,103		3,049,928				
Prepaid Expenses Capital Assets, net		491,055 21,519,970		501,122 23,487,364				
•								
Total Assets		37,723,105		38,435,082				
Liabilities								
Current		3,285,801		4,533,503				
Long-term		27,958,247		26,512,451				
Total Liabilities		31,244,048		31,045,954				
Net Assets								
Invested in Capital Assets								
- Net of Related Debt		6,511,049		6,533,977				
Restricted for Capital Projects		127,443		150,464				
Restricted for Debt Service		(3,337,227)		(3,188,923)				
Restricted for Educational Programs		349,603		452,259				
Restricted for Other Purposes		3,000		76,975				
Unrestricted		2,825,189		3,364,376				
Total Net Assets	\$	6,479,057	\$	7,389,128				

The deficit balance presented above for Restricted for Debt Service represents the difference between the obligation for accumulated accreted interest on the District's outstanding capital appreciation bonds and accrued interest on the District's long-term liabilities, and the amount available in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. This deficit will be eliminated by future property tax collections.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

The District's total current year revenues exceeded total current year expenses by \$910,071.

Comparative Statement of Changes in Net Assets										
	Governmental Activities									
		2011 2012								
<u>Program Revenues</u> Charges for Services Operating Grants & Contributions	\$	412,628 2,426,404	\$	538,035 3,153,490						
<u>General Revenues</u> Taxes Levied Federal & State Aid Interest & Investment Earnings Miscellaneous		6,802,910 9,244,399 23,990 515,856		8,921,624 8,986,947 27,566 462,026						
Total Revenues <u>Expenses</u> Instruction Instruction-Related Services Pupil Services General Administration Plant Services Ancillary Services Interest on Long-Term Debt Other Outgo		19,426,187 11,867,085 1,916,157 1,263,959 1,458,534 1,579,553 53,295 918,097 217,766		22,089,688 12,678,641 1,909,474 1,474,176 1,504,866 1,892,459 20,599 1,415,409 283,993						
Total Expenses		19,274,446		21,179,617						
Changes in Net Assets	\$	151,741	\$	910,071						
Table includes financial data of the combined gov	ernmental	funds								

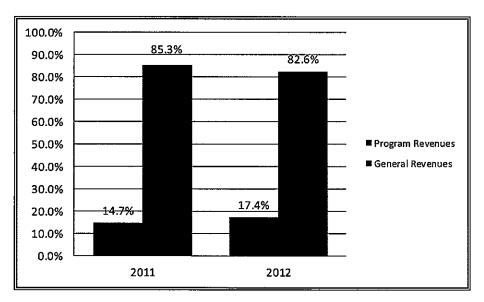
(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

	Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services								
		2011		2012		2011		2012	
Instruction Instruction-Related Services Pupil Services General Administration Plant Services Ancillary Services Interest on Long-Term Debt Other Outgo	\$	11,867,085 1,916,157 1,263,959 1,458,534 1,579,553 53,295 918,097 217,766	\$	12,678,641 1,909,474 1,474,176 1,504,866 1,892,459 20,599 1,415,409 283,993	\$	10,248,058 1,773,196 514,971 1,354,348 1,507,442 37,518 918,097 81,784	\$	10,473,490 1,703,556 614,850 1,333,033 1,805,662 7,951 1,415,409 134,141	
Totals	\$	19,274,446	\$	21,179,617	\$	16,435,414	\$	17,488,092	

The table above presents the cost of major District activities. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The \$17,488,092 net cost represents the financial burden that was placed on the District's general revenues for providing the services listed.



For fiscal year 2011-12, program revenues financed 17.4% of the total cost of providing the services listed above, while the remaining 82.6% was financed by the general revenues of the District.

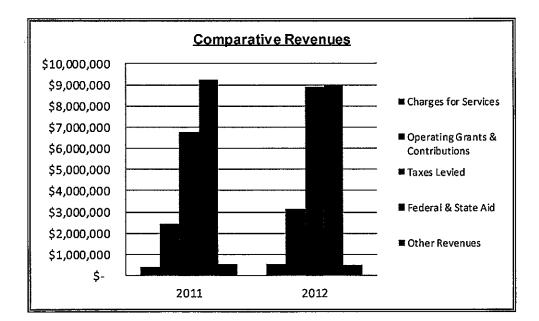
(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

Summary of Revenues For Governmental Functions										
		FYE 2011 Amount	Percent of Total		FYE 2012 Amount	Percent of Total				
<u>Program Revenues</u> Charges for Services Operating Grants & Contributions	\$	412,628 2,426,404	2.12% 12.49%	\$	538,035 3,153,490	2.44% 14.28%				
<u>General Revenues</u> Taxes Levied Federal & State Aid Other Revenues		6,802,910 9,244,399 539,846	35.02% 47.59% 2.78%		8,921,624 8,986,947 489,592	40.39% 40.68% 2.22%				
Total Revenues	\$	19,426,187	100.00%	\$	22,089,688	100.00%				

Table includes financial data of the combined governmental funds



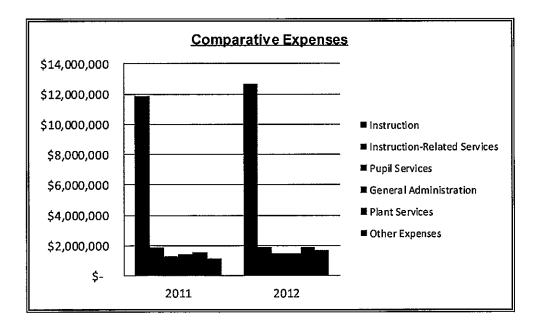
(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

Summary of Expenses For Governmental Functions										
		FYE 2011 Amount	Percent of Total		FYE 2012 Amount	Percent of Total				
Expenses										
Instruction	\$	11,867,085	61.57%	\$	12,678,641	59.86%				
Instruction-Related Services		1,916,157	9.94%		1,909,474	9.02%				
Pupil Services		1,263,959	6.56%		1,474,176	6.96%				
General Administration		1,458,534	7.57%		1,504,866	7.11%				
Plant Services		1,579,553	8.20%		1,892,459	8.94%				
Other Expenses		1,189,158	6.17%		1,720,001	8.12%				
Total Expenses	\$	19,274,446	100.00%	\$	21,179,617	100.00%				

Table includes financial data of the combined governmental funds



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(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

Comparative Schedule of Capital Assets											
	Governmental Activities										
		2011		2012							
Land Sites and Improvements Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Work-in-Progress	\$	992,328 2,592,218 34,716,157 584,788 794,449	\$	992,328 2,592,218 34,716,157 584,788 4,058,687							
Subtotals		39,679,940		42,944,178							
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(18,159,970)		(19,456,814)							
Capital Assets, net	\$	21,519,970	\$	23,487,364							

Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased \$1,967,394, due to the current year acquisition and/or construction of \$3,264,238 of new capital assets, and the current year recognition of \$1,296,844 of depreciation expense.

Comparative Schedule of Long-Term Liabilities										
	Governmental Activities									
		2011		2012						
Compensated Absences General Obligation Bonds Capital Leases Other Post Employment Benefits	\$	48,737 27,791,354 1,009,477 442,065	\$	37,173 27,345,894 913,828 427,110						
Totals	\$	29,291,633	\$	28,724,005						

Total long-term liabilities decreased \$567,628, due primarily to the current year reduction of the District's obligation for general obligation bonds. The general obligation bonds are financed by local taxpayers and represent 95% of the District's total long-term liabilities. The District has satisfied all of its debt service requirements for its bonded debt and continues to maintain an excellent credit rating on its current debt issues.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONCLUDED)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (CONCLUDED)

The capital leases are financed by the General Fund and represent 3% of the District's total long-term liabilities.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial presentation and contain more detailed information as to interest, principal, retirement amounts, and future debt retirement dates.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The fund balance of the General Fund increased \$689,299 during fiscal year 2011-12, while the combined fund balances of the other District governmental funds decreased \$2,144,225, due primarily to the bond related expenditures in the Building Fund.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with California law and is based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget based on updated financial information. The original budget, approved at the end of June for July 1, is based on May Revise figures and updated 45 days after the State approves its final budget. In addition, the District revises its budget at First and Second Interim to reflect the most current financial information available at that point in time.

ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

- Student enrollment and attendance are primary factors in the computation of most funding formulas for public schools in the State of California. As of the P-1 attendance reporting period, the District expects an increase of 27 ADA (1.3%) during fiscal year 2012-13. Enrollment growth is expected to continue into the future per the Districts' enrollment projections.
- On November 2, 2010, voters within the District approved the issuance of up to \$41,000,000 in facility bonds. The proceeds of the bonds will be used to upgrade and expand school facilities during fiscal year 2012-13 and beyond. Of this amount, \$10,000,426 was issued in May 2011 and another \$18,300,000 in August 2012. A final bond issuance is anticipated during the 2013-14 or 2014-15 fiscal year.
- The fiscal crisis of 2008 has brought unprecedented financial challenges to all state and federal governments, including California public school districts. However, it appears the economy is improving, with the State of California Legislative Analyst Office projecting funding increases for schools beginning with the 2013-14 fiscal year. Nonetheless, until the economy demonstrates such a recovery is occurring with consistency, management will continue to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet student needs. The District has an excellent track record in what has proven to be a continuous cycle of lean and prosperous years for education finances.

(PREPARED BY DISTRICT MANAGEMENT)

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, contact the District Office, Ross Valley School District, 110 Shaw Drive, San Anselmo, CA 94960.

ROSS VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	overnmental Activities
<u>Assets</u>	
Deposits and Investments (Note 2)	\$ 11,396,668
Receivables (Note 4)	3,049,928
Prepaid Expenses (Note 1H)	501,122
Capital Assets: (Note 6)	
Land	992,328
Sites and Improvements	2,592,218
Buildings and Improvements	34,716,157
Furniture and Equipment	584,788
Work-in-Progress	4,058,687
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (19,456,814)
Total Assets	 38,435,082
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	2,035,747
Deferred Revenue (Note 1H)	286,202
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Portion Due or Payable Within One Year:	
Compensated Absences (Note 1H)	37,173
General Obligation Bonds (Note 7)	1 075 000
Current Interest Capital Leases (Note 8)	1,975,000 100,381
Other Post Employment Benefits (Note 9)	99,000
	33,000
Portion Due or Payable After One Year:	
General Obligation Bonds (Note 7)	10.015.000
Current Interest	13,315,000
Capital Appreciation	12,055,894
Capital Leases (Note 8) Other Past Employment Reporting (Note 0)	813,447 328,110
Other Post Employment Benefits (Note 9)	
Total Liabilities	 31,045,954
<u>Net Assets</u> Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	6,533,977
Restricted:	
For Capital Projects	150,464
For Debt Service	(3,188,923)
For Educational Programs	452,259
For Other Purposes	76,975
Unrestricted	 3,364,376
Total Net Assets	\$ 7,389,128

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE STATEMENTS

ROSS VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		ł	\$	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets		
Functions	 Expenses	arges for services		Operating Grants and ontributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities						
Instruction	\$ 12,678,641	\$ 12,055	\$	2,193,096		\$ (10,473,490)
Instruction-Related Services:						
Supervision of Instruction	209,351			83,280		(126,071)
Instructional Library and Technology	417,245	502		48,955		(367,788)
School Site Administration	1,282,878	3		73,178		(1,209,697)
Pupil Services:						
Home-to-School Transportation	264,580	418		129,662		(134,500)
Food Services	703,691	514,638		119,325		(69,728)
Other Pupil Services	505,905			95,283		(410,622)
General Administration:						
Data Processing Services	123,404					(123,404)
Other General Administration	1,381,462	2,358		169,475		(1,209,629)
Plant Services	1,892,459	2,706		84,091		(1,805,662)
Ancillary Services	20,599	417		12,231		(7,951)
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,415,409					(1,415,409)
Other Outgo	 283,993	4,938	_	144,914		(134,141)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 21,179,617	\$ 538,035	\$	3,153,490	\$ 0	(17,488,092)
General Revenues						
Taxes Levied for General Purposes						3,850,534
Taxes Levied for Debt Service						2,726,044
Taxes Levied for Specific Purposes						2,345,046
Federal and State Aid - Unrestricted						8,986,947
Interest and Investment Earnings						27,566
Miscellaneous						462,026
Total General Revenues						18,398,163
Change in Net Assets						910,071
Net Assets - July 1, 2011						6,479,057
Net Assets - June 30, 2012						\$ 7,389,128

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ROSS VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	General	R	Bond Interest and edemption	Building	on-Major vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Assets</u> Deposits and Investments (Note 2) Receivables (Note 4) Due from Other Funds (Note 5) Prepaid Expenditures (Note 1H)	\$ 2,341,268 3,018,847 24,366 50,000	\$	2,380,122	\$ 6,507,203	\$ 168,075 31,081 3	\$ 11,396,668 3,049,928 24,369 50,000
Total Assets	\$ 5,434,481	\$	2,380,122	\$ 6,507,203	\$ 199,159	\$ 14,520,965
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u> Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds (Note 5) Deferred Revenue (Note 1H) Total Liabilities	\$ 1,060,439 3 40,121 1,100,563			\$ 692,163	\$ 354 24,366 	\$ 1,752,956 24,369 40,121 1,817,446
Fund Balances: (Note 11) Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	 53,000 452,259 923,068 2,905,591	\$	2,380,122	 5,815,040	 174,439	53,000 8,821,860 923,068 2,905,591
Total Fund Balances	4,333,918		2,380,122	 5,815,040	 174,439	12,703,519
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 5,434,481	\$	2,380,122	\$ 6,507,203	\$ 199,159	\$ 14,520,965

ROSS VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2012

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 12,703,519
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different from amounts reported in governmental funds due to the following:		
Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net assets, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation. Capital assets and accumulated depreciation are:		
	2,944,178 9,456,814)	23,487,364
Unamortized costs: In governmental funds, debt issue costs are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, debt issue costs are amortized over the life of the debt. Unamortized debt issue costs, reported as prepaid expenses at year-end consist of:		
Costs of Issuance	180,204	
Bond Refunding Total	270,918	451,122
Unamortized premiums: In governmental funds, bond premiums are recognized as revenues in the period they are received. In the government-wide statements, premiums are amortized over the life of the debt. Unamortized premiums, reported as deferred revenue on the statement of net assets are:		(246,081)
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long- term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statements of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owed at the end of the period was:		(282,791)
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net assets, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities reported at the end of the period are:		
Compensated Absences	37,173	
General Obligation Bonds: Current Interest	5,290,000	
	2,055,894	
Capital Leases	913,828	
Other Post Employment Benefits	427,110	
Total	-	 (28,724,005)
Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities	-	\$ 7,389,128

ROSS VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	General	Bond Interest and Redemption	Building	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Revenues</u> Revenue Limit Sources: State Apportionment Local Taxes	\$ 7,240,426 3,850,535				\$ 7,240,426 3,850,535
Total Revenue Limit Sources	11,090,961				11,090,961
Federal Revenue State Revenue Local Revenue	1,009,810 2,015,157 4,513,591	\$ 25,092 2,705,521	\$ 21,358	\$ 116,358 8,637 552,760	1,126,168 2,048,886 7,793,230
Total Revenues	18,629,519	2,730,613	21,358	677,755	22,059,245
Expenditures Instruction Supervision of Instruction Instructional Library and Technology School Site Administration Home-To-School Transportation Food Services Other Pupil Services Other Pupil Services Data Processing Services Other General Administration Plant Services Facilities Acquisition and Construction Ancillary Services Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Issuance Costs Other Outgo	11,848,656 195,399 389,439 1,197,383 246,948 472,190 115,180 1,280,301 1,765,144 (13) 20,599 95,649 45,356 244,060	1,090,000 564,978	1,645 3,262,594	656,795 9,096 12,772	11,848,656 195,399 389,439 1,197,383 246,948 656,795 472,190 115,180 1,289,397 1,766,789 3,275,353 20,599 1,185,649 610,334 244,060
Total Expenditures	17,916,291	1,654,978	3,264,239	678,663	23,514,171
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	713,228	1,075,635	(3,242,881)	(908)	(1,454,926)
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u> Operating Transfers In Operating Transfers Out	(23,929)			23,929	23,929 (23,929)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(23,929)		0	23,929	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	689,299	1,075,635	(3,242,881)	23,021	(1,454,926)
Fund Balances - July 1, 2011	3,644,619	1,304,487	9,057,921	151,418	14,158,445
Fund Balances - June 30, 2012	\$ 4,333,918	\$ 2,380,122	\$ 5,815,040	\$ 174,439	\$ 12,703,519

ROSS VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Not Change in Fund Balances - Covernmental Funds		\$	(1,454,926)
Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from		φ	(1,404,820)
amounts reported in governmental funds due to the following:			
Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:			
Capital Outlays Depreciation Expense Net	\$ 3,264,238 (1,296,844)		1,967,394
Compensated absences: In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the			
amounts paid during the period. In the statements of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the fiscal year. The difference between amounts paid			
and amounts earned was:			11,564
Post employment benefits other than pensions (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB costs accrued and employer contributions was:			14,955
Debt issue costs: In governmental funds, debt issue costs are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, issue costs are amortized over the life of the debt. The debt issue costs amortized for the period is:			
Costs of Issuance	6,417		
Bond Refunding Total	33,516		(39,933)
Amortization of debt issue premium: In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium, the premium is recognized as an other financing sources in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium is amortized as interest over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium for the period is:			30,443
Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:			
General Obligation Bonds - Current Interest	1,090,000		
Capital Leases Total	95,649		1,185,649
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, interest expense is recognized in the period that it is incurred. Unmatured interest owed at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owed from the prior period,			
was:			(160,535)
Accreted interest: In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is recognized as an expenditure in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statements, accreted interest is recognized as an expense as the capital appreciation bonds			
accrete in value. The amount of accreted interest recognized in the current period was:			(644,540)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	:	\$	910,071

ROSS VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	Agency Funds		Total Fiduciary Funds	
<u>Assets</u> Deposits and Investments (Note 2)	\$ 8,875	\$	8,875	
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to Student Groups	 8,875		8,875	
Net Assets Total Net Assets	\$ 0	\$	0	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

The Ross Valley School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of California. It is governed by a five member Board of Education elected by registered voters of the District, which comprises an area in Marin County. The District serves students in kindergarten through grade eight.

The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The governmental financial reporting entity consists of the following:

- > The primary government
- > Organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable
- Other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete

The nucleus of a financial reporting entity is usually a primary government. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 (GASB 14), *The Financial Reporting Entity*, defines a *primary government* as any state government, general-purpose local government, or special-purpose government that meets all of the following criteria:

- It has a separately elected governing body
- It is legally separate
- It is fiscally independent of other state and local governments

The primary government consists of all funds that make up the legal entity. The primary government also consists of funds for which it has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those funds may represent organizations that do not meet the definition for inclusion in the financial reporting entity.

Component units include legally separate organizations (whether governmental, not-forprofit, or for-profit organizations) for which elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. A primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (a) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (b) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government regardless of whether the organization has (a) a separately elected governing board, (b) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or (c) a jointly appointed board.

The primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by the organization.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)</u>

An organization can provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on, a primary government in a variety of ways and indicates that an organization has a financial benefit or burden relationship with a primary government if any one of the following conditions exist:

- > The primary government is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources.
- > The primary government is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization.
- > The primary government is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

In addition, GASB 14 also requires certain organizations to be included as component units if the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary governments are such that excluding them would render the financial reporting entity's financial statements misleading or incomplete.

Based on the GASB 14 criteria and definitions, the District is the primary government and there are no material potential component units which should be included in the Financial Reporting Entity in these financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 39 (GASB 39), *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, provides further guidance, stating that a legally separate organization should be reported as a component unit if all of the following criteria are met:

- > The economic resources received or held by the organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government or its component units.
- The primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the organization.
- > The economic resources received or held by the organization that the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government.

The District has determined that the Ross Valley Schools Foundation (Yes) (the Foundation), a non-profit education foundation, meets the criteria set forth in GASB 39. However, since the Foundation does not issue audited financial statements, the financial statements of the District include only the financial data of the primary government, which consists of all funds that comprise the District's legal entity, and all funds for which it has a fiduciary responsibility. The financial statements do not include financial data of the Foundation, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be reported with the financial data of the primary government. As a result, these financial statements do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The financial position of the Financial Reporting Entity, or the respective changes in its financial position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity (Concluded)</u>

The District has determined that the cost of including audited financial data, of its legally separate component unit, in the financial statements of the District, far exceeds the benefits to be received by including such data. In addition, since the District's various oversight agencies do not require such data to be included, the District has elected to omit such data from its financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District and its component units. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column, and all non-major funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation (Concluded)

Fund Financial Statements (Concluded):

The accounting and financial treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 45, 60, 90 days after year-end, depending on the revenue source. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California Districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to state apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basis of Accounting (Concluded)

Deferred Revenue:

Deferred revenue arises when assets are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables associated with non-exchange transactions that will not be collected within the availability period have also been recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures:

On an accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity or retained earnings, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The District maintains the following governmental fund types:

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Other resources also may be reported in the fund if those resources are restricted, committed, or assigned to the specified purpose of the fund.

Debt Service Funds - Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Fund Accounting (Concluded)

The District's accounts are organized into major, non-major, and fiduciary funds as follows:

Major Governmental Funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District.

The *Bond Interest and Redemption Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the repayment of District bonds, interest, and related costs.

The *Building Fund* is used to account for the acquisition and/or construction of major capital facilities and buildings financed from the sale of general obligation bonds.

Non-major Governmental Funds:

The *Cafeteria Fund* is used to account for revenues received and expenditures made to operate the District's cafeteria program.

The *Capital Facilities Fund* is used to account for resources received from developer impact fees assessed under provision of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

Fiduciary Funds:

Agency Funds are used to account for assets of others for which the District acts as an agent. The District maintains one agency fund for the student body activities at White Hill Middle School. The District maintains student body funds to account for the raising and expending of money to promote the general welfare, and educational experience of the student body.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's Governing Board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's Governing Board satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's Governing Board and Superintendent during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures. The original and final revised budget is presented for the General Fund as required supplementary information on page 47.

Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object account (See Note 3).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated at June 30.

H. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The District is authorized to maintain cash in banks and revolving funds that are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The County is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California *Government Code* Section 53648 et seq. The funds maintained by the County are either secured by the FDIC or are collateralized.

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies; certificates of participation; obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost.

2. Prepaid Expenses / Expenditures

Payments made to vendors for goods or services that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal year ended, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which goods or services are consumed. Prepaid expenses include the unamortized costs associated with the bonds issued since the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34. The costs will be amortized over the life of the bond obligation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Continued)

2. Prepaid Expenses / Expenditures (Concluded)

Prepaid expenses are equally offset by a net assets reserve, which indicates that this amount is not "available for appropriation and expenditure" even though it is a component of net current assets.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the asset's lives are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all capital assets is computed using a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	<u>Years</u>
Sites and Improvements	10-36
Buildings and Improvements	30-35
Furniture and Equipment	6-15

4. Deferred Revenue

Cash received for federal and state special projects and programs is recognized as revenue to the extent that qualified expenditures have been incurred. Deferred revenue is recorded to the extent that cash received on specific projects and programs exceeds qualified expenditures. Deferred revenue includes the premiums associated with the bonds issued, when applicable, which are amortized over the life of the bond obligation.

5. Compensated Absences

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken, since such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

6. Long-term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

H. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Continued)</u>

6. Long-term Liabilities (Concluded)

Premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, related to long-term debt issued after the implementation of GASB Statement 34, are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt. Long-term debt is reported net of applicable premiums or discounts. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize premiums and discounts as well as bond issuance costs, during the period the debt is issued. The face amount of the debt issued, premiums, or discounts are reported as other financing sources or uses.

7. Fund Balances

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The allowable classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance consists of funds that cannot be spent due to their form (e.g. inventories and prepaids) or funds that legally or contractually must be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance consists of funds that are mandated for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance consists of funds that are set aside for a specific purpose by the District's highest level of decision making authority (Governing Board). Formal action must be taken prior to the end of the fiscal year. The same formal action must be taken to remove or change the limitations placed on the funds.

Assigned Fund Balance consists of funds that are set aside with the intent to be used for a specific purpose by the District's highest level of decision making authority or a body or official that has been given the authority to assign funds. The Governing Board delegated authority to the Superintendent and/or their designee to identify intended uses of assigned funds.

Unassigned Fund Balance consists of excess funds that have not been classified in the previous four categories. All funds in this category are considered spendable resources. This category also provides the resources necessary to meet unexpected expenditures and revenue shortfalls.

To protect the District against unforeseen circumstances such as revenue shortfalls and unanticipated expenditures, the Board intends to maintain a minimum assigned and unassigned fund balance which includes a reserve for economic uncertainties equal to at least two months of General Fund expenditures, or 17 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses. If the unassigned fund balance falls below this level due to an emergency situation, unexpected expenditures, or revenue shortfalls, the Board shall develop a plan to recover the fund balance.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONCLUDED)

H. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Concluded)</u>

7. Fund Balances (Concluded)

The District considers restricted fund balances to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Similarly, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the District considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

8. <u>Revenue Limit/Property Tax</u>

The District's revenue limit is received from a combination of local property taxes, state apportionments, and other local sources. The County of Marin is responsible for assessing, collecting and apportioning property taxes. Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property in the county. The levy is based on the assessed values as of the preceding January 1, which is also the lien date. Property taxes on the secured roll are due on November 1 and February 1, and taxes become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the lien date (January 1), and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31.

Secured property taxes are recorded as revenue when apportioned, in the fiscal year of the levy. The county apportions secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternative method of distribution prescribed by Section 4705 of the California *Revenue and Taxation Code*. This alternate method provides for crediting each applicable fund with its total secured taxes upon completion of the secured tax roll, approximately October 1 of each year.

The County Auditor reports the amount of the District's allocated property tax revenue to the California Department of Education. Property taxes are recorded as local revenue limit sources by the District.

The District's Base Revenue Limit is the amount of general purpose tax revenue, per average daily attendance (ADA), that the District is entitled to by law. This amount is multiplied by the applicable attendance period ADA to derive the District's total entitlement. The California Department of Education reduces the District's entitlement by the District's local property tax revenue. The balance is paid from the State General Fund, and is known as the state apportionment.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2012, consist of the following:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		iduciary <u>ctivities</u>
Cash on Hand and in Banks Cash in Revolving Fund County Pool Investments	\$	\$	8,875
Total Deposits and Investments	<u>\$ 11,396,668</u>	<u>\$</u>	8,875

Cash on Hand and in Banks / Cash in Revolving Fund

Cash on hand and in banks consists of all cash held by the District and all cash maintained in commercial bank accounts owned by the District, exclusive of amounts held in revolving funds. Cash in revolving fund consists of all cash maintained in commercial bank accounts that are used as revolving funds.

County Pool Investments

County pool investments consist of District cash held by the Marin County Treasury that is invested in the county investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the financial statements at amounts that are based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio).

General Authorization

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedule below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, as the length of the maturity of an investment increases, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury that purchases a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Segmented Time Distribution

Information about the sensitivity of the fair value of the District's investment to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District's investment by maturity:

Investment Type	Carrying	Fair Less Than		ا	More Than	
	Value	Value <u>1 Year</u>			1 Year	
County Pool Investments	\$ 11,393,668	\$ 11,398,028	\$	8,998,305	\$	2,395,363

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the year-end for each investment type.

	Carrying	Fair	Ratin	r End	
Investment Type	Value	Value	AAA	Aa	Unrated
County Pool Investments	\$ 11,393,668	\$ 11,398,028			\$ 11,393,668

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government Code. However, the District does not hold any investments in any one issuer, at year-end, that represents five percent or more of the total investments held by the District.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

This is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The District does not have a policy limiting the amount of securities that can be held by counterparties. As of June 30, 2012, the District does not have any investments that are held by counterparties.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONCLUDED)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits.

Derivative Investments

The District does not directly invest in any derivative investments. Information relating to the use of derivative investments by the Marin County Treasury was not available.

NOTE 3 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual funds were as follows:

General Fund:	 cess nditures
Classified Salaries Other Expenditures	\$ 723 229

The District incurred expenditures in the above classifications for which the budget was not revised.

NOTE 4 - <u>RECEIVABLES</u>

Receivables at June 30, 2012 consist of the following:

			N	lon-Major	
		General	Go	vernmental	
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Funds</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Federal Government	\$	145,206	\$	27,748	\$ 172,954
State Government		2,625,895		1,982	2,627,877
Local Governments		50,895			50,895
Miscellaneous		196,851	-	1,351	 198,202
Totals	<u>\$</u>	3,018,847	\$	31,081	\$ 3,049,928

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND ACTIVITIES

Interfund transactions are reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

A. Due From/Due To Other Funds

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2012 were as follows:

Funds		erfund æivable	Interfund <u>Payable</u>		
General Cafeteria	\$	24,366 <u>3</u>	\$ 	3 24,366	
Totals	<u>\$</u>	24,369	<u>\$</u>	24,369	

All interfund receivables and payables are scheduled to be paid within one year.

B. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving revenue to funds through which the resources are to be expended.

Interfund transfers for fiscal year 2011-12 were as follows:

Funds	<u>Transfers In</u> <u>T</u>		
General Cafeteria	<u>\$23,929</u>	\$ 23,929 	
Totals	<u>\$23,929</u>	<u>\$23,929</u>	

Transfer of \$23,929 from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund to support the program.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012, is presented below:

	Balances July 1, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Balances June 30, 2012
Land	\$ 992,328			\$ 992,328
Sites and Improvements	2,592,218			2,592,218
Buildings and Improvements	34,716,157			34,716,157
Furniture and Equipment	584,788			584,788
Work-in-Progress	794,449	\$ 3,264,238		4,058,687
Totals at Historical Cost	39,679,940	3,264,238	<u>\$</u> 0	42,944,178
Less Accumulated Depreciation for	r:			
Sites and Improvements	2,521,432	10,596		2,532,028
Buildings and Improvements	15,242,487	1,246,053		16,488,540
Furniture and Equipment	396,051	40,195		436,246
Total Accumulated Depreciation	18,159,970	1,296,844	0	19,456,814
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, net	<u>\$21,519,970</u>	<u>\$ 1,967,394</u>	\$ 0	\$ 23,487,364

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction	\$	844,940
Supervision of Instruction		13,952
Instructional Library and Technology		27,806
School Site Administration		85,495
Home-To-School Transportation		17,632
Food Services		46,896
Other Pupil Services		33,715
Data Processing Services		8,224
Other General Administration		92,065
Plant Services		126,119
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,296,844</u>

NOTE 7 - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

The outstanding general obligation debt of the District as of June 30, 2012 is as follows:

A. <u>Current Interest Bonds</u>

Date Of <u>Issue</u>	Interest <u>Rate %</u>	Maturity <u>Date</u>	ļ	Amount of Original <u>Issue</u>	utstanding uly 1, 2011	lssi Curi <u>Ye</u>		Redeerned Current Year	utstanding ne 30, 2012
6/1/99 2/2/11 5/25/11	4.30-4.60 2.00-4.00 2.00-4.50	8/1/12 8/1/20 8/1/41	\$	5,895,000 6,150,000 8,840,000	\$ 1,390,000 6,150,000 8,840,000	. <u> </u>		\$ 670,000 420,000	\$ 720,000 5,730,000 8,840,000
Totals			\$	29,180,000	\$ 16,380,000	\$	0	\$ 1,090,000	\$ 15,290,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 7 - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CONTINUED)

A. <u>Current Interest Bonds (Concluded)</u>

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds payable, outstanding as of June 30, 2012, are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Principal	Interest		<u>Totals</u>
2013	\$ 1,975,000	\$ 649,510	\$	2,624,510
2014	505,000	607,950		1,112,950
2015	545,000	586,950		1,131,950
2016	585,000	564,350		1,149,350
2017	635,000	539,950		1,174,950
2018-2022	3,395,000	2,280,162		5,675,162
2023-2027	1,265,000	1,869,338		3,134,338
2028-2032	1,585,000	1,603,875		3,188,875
2033-2037	0	1,320,000		1,320,000
2038-2042	 4,800,000	 813,725		5,613,725
Totals	\$ 15,290,000	\$ 10,835,810	\$	26,125,810

B. Capital Appreciation Bonds

Date Of <u>Issue</u>	Interest Rate %	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Amount of Original <u>Issue</u>	Outstanding uly 1, 2011	Issued Current <u>Year</u>	Accreted Interest Current <u>Year</u>	Redeemed Current <u>Year</u>	tstanding 1 <u>e 30, 2012</u>
6/1/99	5.00-5.38	6/1/24	\$ 3,904,790	\$ 7,287,162		\$ 386,921		\$ 7,674,083
7/1/01	5.61	7/1/26	1,704,424	2,956,623		168,211		3,124,834
5/25/11	6.60-12.00	8/1/38	 1,160,426	 1,167,569	 	 89,408		 1,256,977
Total	s		\$ 	\$ 11,411,354	\$ 0	\$ 644,540	<u>\$0</u>	\$ 12,055,894

The outstanding obligation for the Series 1999 capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2012, was as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Rate %	Or	amount of iginal Issue <u>Principal)</u>	Accreted Interest	<u>Totals</u>
2013		\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0
2014	5.00		385,415	349,235	734,650
2015	5.10		370,796	345,051	715,847
2016	5.15		358,616	338,144	696,760
2017	5.20		348,373	332,806	681,179
2018-2022	5.25-5.35		1,590,724	1,554,883	3,145,607
2023-2027	5.35-5.38		850,866	 849,174	 1,700,040
Totals		\$	3,904,790	\$ 3,769,293	\$ 7,674,083

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 7 - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CONTINUED)

B. <u>Capital Appreciation Bonds (Continued)</u>

The annual requirements to amortize the Series 1999 capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Totals</u>
2013	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
2014	385,415	389,585	775,000
2015	370,796	424,204	795,000
2016	358,616	456,384	815,000
2017	348,373	491,627	840,000
2018-2022	1,590,724	2,964,276	4,555,000
2023-2027	 850,866	 2,199,134	 3,050,000
Totals	\$ 3,904,790	\$ 6,925,210	\$ 10,830,000

The outstanding obligation for the Series 2001 capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2012, was as follows:

Year Ended June 30	<u>Rate %</u>	Or	Amount of iginal Issue (Principal)	Accreted Interest	<u>Totals</u>
2013-2017 2018-2022		\$	0 0	\$ 0 0	\$ 0 0
2023-2027	5.61		1,704,424	 1,420,410	 3,124,834
Totals		\$	1,704,424	\$ 1,420,410	\$ 3,124,834

The annual requirements to amortize the Series 2001 capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Pri	ncipal	Interest	<u>Totais</u>
2013-2017 2018-2022	\$	0 0	\$ 0 0	\$ 0
2023-2027	·	,704,424	 5,075,576	 6,780,000
Totals	<u></u>	,704,424	\$ 5,075,576	\$ 6,780,000

ROSS VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 7 - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS (CONCLUDED)

В. Capital Appreciation Bonds (Concluded)

The outstanding obligation for the Series 2011 capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2012, was as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Rate %	Or	Amount of iginal Issue <u>Principal)</u>	,	Accreted Interest	<u>Totals</u>
2013-2017	12.00	\$	14,003	\$	1,918	\$ 15,921
2018-2022	12.00		21,891		2,999	24,890
2023-2027			0		0	0
2028-2032	6.60~12.00		263,205		20,478	283,683
2033-2037	7.16-7.45		734,035		60,442	794,477
2038-2042	7.47-7.48		127,292		10,714	 138,006
Totals		\$	1,160,426	\$	96,551	\$ 1,256,977

The annual requirements to amortize the Series 2011 capital appreciation bonds at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

Year Ended June <u>30</u>	Ī	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Totals</u>
2013-2017	\$	14,003	\$ 10,997	\$ 25,000
2018-2022		21,891	23,109	45,000
2023-2027		0	0	0
2028-2032		263,205	571,795	835,000
2033-2037		734,035	3,170,965	3,905,000
2038-2042	<u> </u>	127,292	 742,708	 870,000
Totals	\$	1,160,426	\$ 4,519,574	\$ 5,680,000

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL LEASES

The District leases solar equipment valued at \$1,385,000 and copiers valued at \$35,931 under lease agreements that provide for title to pass upon expiration of the lease periods.

Future minimum lease payments under these agreements are as follows:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL LEASES (CONCLUDED)

Year Ended June 30	Lease <u>Payments</u>
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018-2022	\$ 141,004 141,004 134,242 123,451 123,130 441,301
Total	1,104,132
Less amounts representing interest	(190,304)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 913,828</u>

The District will receive no sublease rental revenues nor pay any contingent rentals for these assets.

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

From an accrual accounting perspective, the cost of other post employment benefits (OPEB), like the cost of pension benefits, generally should be associated with the periods in which the cost occurs, rather than in future years when the benefits are paid or provided. Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45 requires an accrual basis measurement and recognition of OPEB cost over a period that approximates employees' years of service and provides information about actuarial accrued liabilities associated with OPEB and to what extent progress is being made in funding the plan.

<u>Plan Descriptions</u>: The District provides medical coverage to certificated and classified employees who retire at a minimum age of 55 with at least 40 years of service in the District and are eligible for pension benefits from either California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) or California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

The District sponsors health care coverage under the California Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act ("PEMHCA"), commonly referred to as PERS Health. The District contributes the required statutory PEMHCA contribution (currently \$112 per month) for all eligible retirees for life. Under the "Unequal Contribution Provision" the District's retiree medical contribution began at \$1 per month and must increase over 20 years to equal the District's active employee required contribution of \$610.44 per month. This capped amount is a collectively bargained result that is not expected to change in the near future. The retiree is responsible for self-paying 100% of all premiums for spouses or dependents of any age.

All contracts with District employees will be renegotiated at various times in the future and, thus, costs and benefits are subject to change. Benefits and contribution requirements (both employee and employer) for the OPEB Plan are established by various labor agreements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

For the District, OPEB benefits are administered by District personnel. No separate financial statements are issued.

The District had 205 active employees and 65 retired employees as of June 30, 2010, the effective date of the biennial OPEB valuation.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: The District currently pays for post employment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Although the District is studying the establishment of a trust to accumulate and invest assets necessary to pay for the accumulated liability, these financial statements assume that pay-as-you-go funding will continue.

<u>Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation</u>: The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation that resulted in a net OPEB obligation of \$427,110 for the year ended June 30, 2012:

Normal cost with interest to end of year	\$	39,000
Amortization of UAAL with interest to end of year		62,000
Annual required contribution (ARC)		101,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation		15,000
Adjustment to ARC		(38,400)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		77,600
Contributions for the fiscal year		(92,555)
Decrease in net OPEB obligation		(14,955)
Net OPEB obligation - June 30, 2011		442,065
Net OPEB obligation - June 30, 2012	<u>\$</u>	<u>427,110</u>

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the last three fiscal years are presented in the following table:

Fiscal Year Ended	nnual <u>EB Cost</u>	Percentage <u>Contributed</u>	Net OPEB Obligation
June 30, 2012 June 30, 2011 June 30, 2010	\$ 77,600 75,400 297,400	119.3% 119.2% 21.5%	\$ 427,110 442,065 456,540

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u>: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONCLUDED)

The projection of future benefits for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of future events far into the future. Examples include mortality, turnover, disability, retirement and other factors that affect the number of people eligible to receive future retiree benefits. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarially accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2010, actuarial valuation, the liabilities were computed using the projected unit credit method and level dollar amortization over a 30 year open basis. The actuarial assumptions utilized a 3.50% discount rate, the expected long-term rate of return on District assets. The valuation assumes an initial health care cost trend rate of 10%, which grades down to an ultimate rate of 5% by the 6th year.

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2012, is shown below:

	Balances July 1, 2011		·	Additions		Deductions		Balances June 30, 2012		Due within One Year
Compensated Absences	\$	48,737	\$	37,173	\$	48,737	\$	37,173	\$	37,173
General Obligation Bonds										
Current Interest		16,380,000				1,090,000		15,290,000		1,975,000
Capital Appreciation		11,411,354		644,540				12,055,894		
Capital Leases		1,009,477				95,649		913,828		100,381
Other Post Employment Benefits		442,065		77,600		92,555		427,110		99,000
Totals	\$	29,291,633	\$	759,313	\$	1,326,941	\$	28,724,005	\$	2,211,554

NOTE 11 - FUND BALANCES

The District's fund balances at June 30, 2012 consisted of the following:

		General Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund			Building Fund	lon-Major vernmental Funds	 Totals
Nonspendable	\$	53,000						\$ 53,000
Restricted		452,259	\$	2,380,122	\$	5,815,040	\$ 174,439	8,821,860
Assigned		923,068						923,068
Unassigned:								
Economic Uncertainties		538,207						538,207
Other		2,367,384			_		 	 2,367,384
Totals	\$	4,333,918	\$	2,380,122	\$	5,815,040	\$ 174,439	\$ 12,703,519

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

A. State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), a costsharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalSTRS, 100 Waterfront Place, West Sacramento, California 95605.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2011-12 was 8.25% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. The District's contributions to CalSTRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, were \$743,035, \$715,303, and \$700,663, respectively, and equal 100% of the required contributions for each year.

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONCLUDED)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Concluded)

Funding Policy (Concluded)

The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2011-12 was 10.923%. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. The District's contributions to CalPERS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, were \$280,652, \$298,911, and \$256,157, respectively, and equal 100% of the required contributions for each year.

C. <u>Social Security</u>

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by social security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use Social Security as its alternative plan. Contributions made by the District and participating employees vest immediately. The District contributes 6.2% of an employee's gross earnings. In addition, each employee was required to contribute 4.2% of his or her gross earnings.

NOTE 13 - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS MADE BY THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to the State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of \$412,330 to CalSTRS (4.855% of salaries subject to CalSTRS).

NOTE 14 - JOINT VENTURES

A. <u>Marin Pupil Transportation Agency (MPTA)</u>

The District participates in a joint venture under a joint powers agreement with MPTA for pupil transportation services for special education children. The relationship between the District and MPTA is such that MPTA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

MPTA arranges for and/or provides special education transportation services for its members. MPTA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. MPTA's board controls the operations of MPTA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the Board. Each member district pays a fee commensurate with the level of service requested, and shares surpluses and deficits proportionately to their participation in MPTA. MPTA is audited on an annual basis. Audited financial statements can be obtained by contacting MPTA's management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 14 - JOINT VENTURES (CONCLUDED)

B. Marin Schools Insurance Authority (MSIA)

The District participates in a joint venture under a joint powers agreement with MSIA for workers' compensation and property and liability insurance. The relationship between the District and MSIA is such that MSIA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

MSIA arranges for and/or provides coverage for its members. MSIA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. MSIA's governing board controls the operations of MSIA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the Board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionately to their participation in MSIA. MSIA is audited on an annual basis. Audited financial statements can be obtained by contacting MSIA's management.

C. <u>Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF)</u>

The District participates in a joint venture under a joint powers agreement with SELF which provides workers' compensation and property and liability insurance for its members in excess of their standard liability insurance coverage. The relationship between the District and SELF is such that SELF is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

SELF is governed by a board consisting of an elected representative for each of six California divisions; the District is a member of one of these divisions. SELF's governing board controls the operations of SELF, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the Board.

Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionately to their participation in SELF. SELF is audited on an annual basis. Audited financial statements can be obtained by contacting SELF's management.

NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2011-12, the District participated in two joint powers authorities (JPAs) for purposes of pooling for risk.

NOTE 16 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. <u>State and Federal Allowances, Awards and Grants</u>

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursements will not be material.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 16 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONCLUDED)

B. Litigation

The District is subject to various legal proceedings and claims. In the opinion of management, the ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the District.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2012, the District has the following commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects:

Capital Projects	Remaining Construction <u>Commitment</u>	Expected Date of <u>Completion</u>
White Hill Middle School Academic & Enrichment Classrooms White Hill Middle School Building 100 Renovations White Hill Middle School Interim Housing	\$ 16,347,255 113,383 <u>189,663</u>	Oct-13 Aug-12 Oct-13
Total	<u>\$ 16,650,301</u>	

NOTE 17 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

During the year, the District received \$2,341,983 of parcel tax revenue that is subject to voter approval, and \$619,949 from the Ross Valley Schools Foundation, a non-profit education foundation, that is subject to voluntary public contributions to the organization.

NOTE 18 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On August 15, 2012 the District issued \$18,300,000 of current interest general obligation bonds (Series B).

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION

ROSS VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Revenue Limit Sources: State Apportionment Local Sources	\$ 8,054,078 2,832,674	\$ 7,521,782 3,567,982	\$ 7,240,426 3,850,535	\$ (281,356) 282,553
Total Revenue Limit Sources	10,886,752	11,089,764	11,090,961	1,197
Federal Revenue Other State Revenue Other Local Revenue	906,400 1,865,373 4,494,167	918,409 1,979,902 4,456,328	1,009,810 2,015,157 4,513,591	91,401 35,255 57,263
Total Revenues	18,152,692	18,444,403	18,629,519	185,116
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Certificated Salaries	8,933,605	9,162,498	9,083,999	78,499
Classified Salaries	2,589,304	2,533,413	2,534,136	(723)
Employee Benefits	3,032,599	3,059,590	2,972,586	87,004
Books and Supplies Services and Other	599,552	746,321	568,485	177,836
Operating Expenditures Capital Outlay Debt Service:	2,123,561	2,595,830 500	2,380,616 500	215,214
Principal Retirement	96,384	98,573	95,649	2,924
Interest and Fiscal Charges	50,707	48,648	45,356	3,292
Other Expenditures	206,838	234,735	234,964	(229)
Total Expenditures	17,632,550	18,480,108	17,916,291	563,817
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	520,142	(35,705)	713,228	748,933
<u>Other Financing (Uses)</u> Operating Transfers Out	(39,200)	(39,200)	(23,929)	15,27 1
Net Change in Fund Balances	480,942	(74,905)	689,299	\$ 764,204
Fund Balances - July 1, 2011	3,644,619	3,644,619	3,644,619	
Fund Balances - June 30, 2012	\$ 4,125,561	\$ 3,569,714	\$ 4,333,918	

ROSS VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2012

	C	afeteria	Capital acilities	Total on-Major /ernmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>				
Deposits and Investments	\$	17,311	\$ 150,764	\$ 168,075
Receivables		31,081		31,081
Due from Other Funds		3	 <u>.</u>	 3
Total Assets	\$	48,395	\$ 150,764	\$ 199,159
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u> Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$	54	\$ 300	\$ 354
Due to Other Funds		24,366		 24,366
Total Liabilities		24,420	300	24,720
Fund Balances:				
Restricted		23,975	 150,464	 174,439
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	48,395	\$ 150,764	\$ 199,159

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ROSS VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Cafeteria	Capital Facilities	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
<u>Revenues</u>			
Federal Revenue	\$ 116,358		\$ 116,358
State Revenue	8,637		8,637
Local Revenue	516,967	\$ 35,793	552,760
Total Revenues	641,962	35,793	677,755
<u>Expenditures</u>			
Food Services	656,795		656,795
Other General Administration	9,096		9,096
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		12,772	12,772
Total Expenditures	665,891	12,772	678,663
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(23,929)	23,021	(908)
Other Financing Sources			
Operating Transfers In	23,929		23,929
Net Change in Fund Balances	0	23,021	23,021
Fund Balances - July 1, 2011	23,975	127,443	151,418
Fund Balances - June 30, 2012	\$ 23,975	\$ 150,464	\$ 174,439

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SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Actuarial Valuation Date	Value o Assets	-	Accrued Liability (AAL)	 Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	 Covered Payroll	Percentage of Covered Payroll
6/30/10	\$	-	\$ 1,838,000	\$ 1,838,000	0%	\$ 11,242,011	16.3%
6/30/08	\$		\$ 4,744,000	\$ 4,744,000	0%	\$ 8,031,900	59.1%

SEE NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION 50

ORGANIZATION/BOARD OF EDUCATION/ADMINISTRATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

ORGANIZATION

The Ross Valley School District operates four elementary schools and one middle school, and serves the San Anselmo and Fairfax communities in Marin County, California. There were no changes in District boundaries during the year.

BOARD OF EDUCATION

<u>Name</u>	Office	Term Expires
Chris Carlucci, M.D.	President	December 2013
Heidi Kritscher Weller	Clerk	December 2013
Annelise Bauer	Member	December 2015
Anne Capron	Member	December 2015
Hadley Dettmer	Member	December 2015

ADMINISTRATION

Eileen Rohan Superintendent

Jim Cerreta Business Manager

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SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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Elementary	District Reported	Audited	Annual Report
Kindergarten First through Third Fourth through Sixth Seventh and Eighth Home and Hospital	274.35 771.88 685.79 383.06 0.30	274.32 770.70 684.48 382.32 0.27	274.67 771.35 684.88 382.01 0.21
Special Education - SDC Special Education - Nonpublic Extended Year Special Education - SDC Extended Year Program - Nonpublic	5.43 5.82 0.96 0.11	5.39 5.77 0.96 	4.86 6.81 0.96 0.11
Totals	2,127.70	2,124.32	2,125.86

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

<u>Grade Level</u>	1982-83 Actual <u>Minutes</u>	Adjusted 1982-83 Actual <u>Minutes</u>	1986-87 Minutes <u>Required</u>	Adjusted 1986-87 Minutes <u>Required</u>	2011-12 Actual <u>Minutes</u>	Number of Days Traditional <u>Calendar</u>	Number of Days Multitrack <u>Calendar</u>	<u>Status</u>
Kindergarten	32,400	30,240	36,000	33,600	42,600	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 1	45,900	42,840	50,400	47,040	53,410	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 2	45,900	42,840	50,400	47,040	53,410	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 3	45,900	42,840	50,400	47,040	53,410	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 4	54,480	50,848	54,000	50,400	54,480	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 5	54,480	50,848	54,000	50,400	54,480	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 6	54,480	50,848	54,000	50,400	66,234	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 7	56,625	52,850	54,000	50,400	66,234	180	N/A	In Compliance
Grade 8	56,625	52,850	54,000	50,400	66,234	180	N/A	In Compliance

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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Program Name	Federal Catalog Number	Pass-Through Identification Number	Federal Program Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Passed through California Department of Education (CDE): National School Lunch	10.555	13524	\$ 116,358
U.S. Department of Education: Passed through CDE:			
NCLB: Title I Basic Grants Low-Income & Neglected	84.010	14329	122,819
NCLB: Title II - Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	14341	100,802
NCLB: Title III - Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146	8,200
NCLB: Title II - EETT	84.318	14334	1,449
ARRA NCLB: Title II - EETT	84.386	15019	286
NCLB: Title III - Limited English Proficient	84.365	14346	8,364
Education Jobs Fund	84.410	25152	390,814
Passed through Marin County SELPA: Special Education Cluster:			
IDEA Part B Basic Local Assistance	84.027	13379	319,275
IDEA Part B Basic Local Assistance Private School	84.027	10115	26,053
ARRA IDEA Part B Local Assistance	84.391	15003	30,429
ARRA IDEA Part B Local Assistance Private School	84.391	10123	1,319
Total			\$ 1,126,168

ROSS VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	General Fund		Deferred Maintenance Fund		Building Fund	
June 30, 2012 Annual Financial and Budget Report Fund Balances	\$	4,252,194	\$	66	\$	5,866,270
Reclassifications and Adjustments Increasing (Decreasing) Fund Balances:						
Reclassification of Fund Balances Understatement of Capital Outlay Expenditures		66		(66)		(51,230)
Understatement of State Aid Revenues		81,658				
Total Reclassifications and Adjustments Increasing (Decreasing) Fund Balances		81,724	. <u> </u>	(66)		(51,230)
June 30, 2012 Audited Financial Statements Fund Balances	\$	4,333,918	\$	0	\$	5,815,040

The reclassification of fund balance above was required as a result of the definition of special revenue funds prescribed by GASB 54.

Auditor's Comments

The audited financial statements of all other funds were in agreement with the Annual Financial and Budget Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	GENERAL FUND				
	(Budget) * 2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	
Revenues and Other Financial Sources	\$ 19,221,170	\$ 18,629,519	\$ 17,639,428	\$ 16,808,204	
Expenditures	18,645,363	17,916,291	16,937,560	17,682,799	
Other Uses and Transfers Out	28,499	23,929	51,477	34,213	
Total Outgo	18,673,862	17,940,220	16,989,037	17,717,012	
Change in Fund Balance	547,308	689,299	650,391	(908,808)	
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 4,881,226	\$ 4,333,918	\$ 3,644,619	\$ 2,994,228	
Available Reserves	\$ 3,332,899	\$ 2,905,591	\$ 2,783,016	\$ 2,329,419	
Reserve for Economic Uncertainties **	\$ 560,216	\$ 538,207	\$ 509,000	\$ 531,882	
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	17.8%	16.2%	16.4%	13.1%	
Average Daily Attendance at P-2	2,127	2,124	1,992	1,908	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 26,512,451	\$ 28,724,005	\$ 29,291,633	\$ 19,885,247	

* Amounts reported for the 2012-13 budget are presented for analytical purposes only and have not been audited.

** Reported balances are a component of available reserves.

The fund balance of the General Fund increased \$1,339,690 (44.7%) over the past two years. The fiscal year 2012-13 budget projects an increase of \$547,308. For a district this size, the state recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District produced operating surpluses of \$650,391 and \$689,299 during fiscal years 2010-11 and 2011-12, respectively, and incurred an operating deficit of \$908,808 during fiscal year 2009-10.

Average daily attendance (ADA) increased 216 ADA over the past two years. The District projects an increase of 3 ADA during fiscal year 2012-13.

Total long-term liabilities increased \$8,838,758 over the past two years, due primarily to the issuance of \$10,000,426 of general obligation bonds during fiscal year 2010-11.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

A. <u>Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual</u>

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, the District is required to present a Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance budgetary comparison for the General Fund and each Major Special Revenue Fund that has an adopted budget. This schedule presents the original adopted budget, final adopted budget, and the actual revenues and expenditures of each of these funds by object.

B. <u>Combining Statements</u>

Combining statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis, and are not a required part of the District's basic financial statements. These statements present more detailed information about the financial position and financial activities of the District's individual funds.

C. <u>Schedule of Funding Progress</u>

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45, the District is required to present a Schedule of Funding Progress which shows the funding progress of the District's OPEB plan for the most recent valuation and the two preceding valuations. The information required to be disclosed includes the valuation date, the actuarial value of assets, the actuarial accrued liability, the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess), the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability (funded ratio), the annual covered payroll and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) to annual covered payroll.

D. <u>Schedule of Average Daily Attendance</u>

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

E. <u>Schedule of Instructional Time</u>

The District receives incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46200 through 46206.

F. <u>Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards</u>

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activities of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES (CONCLUDED)

G. <u>Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements</u>

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds, as reported in the Annual Financial and Budget Report to the audited financial statements.

H. <u>Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis</u>

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS SECTION

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STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Education Ross Valley School District San Anselmo, California

We have audited Ross Valley School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies 2011-12* to the state laws and regulations listed below for the year ended June 30, 2012. Compliance with the requirements of state laws and regulations is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Ross Valley School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies 2011-12*, prescribed in the California Code of Regulations, Title 5, section 19810 and following. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the state laws and regulations listed below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Ross Valley School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Ross Valley School District's compliance with those requirements.

Description	Procedures in Education Audit Appeals Panel's <u>Audit Guide</u>	Procedures <u>Performed</u>
Attendance Accounting:		
Attendance Reporting	6 3 3	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	3	Yes Yes
Kindergarten Continuance Independent Study	23	No (see below)
Continuation Education	10	Not Applicable
		not Applicable
Instructional Time: School Districts	6	Yes
County Offices of Education	6 3	Not Applicable
•	. 0	Νοι Αρριτσανίε
Instructional Materials: General Requirements	8	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	1	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	1	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	4	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	1	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	3	Yes
Public Hearing Requirement - Receipt of Funds	1	Yes
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Board of Education Ross Valley School District Page Two

Description	Procedures In Education Audit Appeals Panel's <u>Audit Guide</u>	Procedures <u>Performed</u>
Juvenile Court Schools	8	Not Applicable
Exclusion of Pupils - Pertussis Immunization	2	Yes
Class Size Reduction: General Requirements Option One Option Two Districts or Charter Schools With Only One School Serving K-3	7 3 4 4	Yes Yes Not Applicable Not Applicable
After School Education and Safety Program: General Requirements After School Before School	4 5 6	Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable
Contemporaneous Records of Attendance For Charter Schools	3	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction for Charter Schools	1	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/ Independent Study for Charter Schools	15	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction for Charter Schools	3	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based For Charter Schools	4	Not Applicable

We did not perform tests for the independent study program because the ADA claimed by the District does not exceed the threshold that requires testing.

In our opinion, Ross Valley School District complied, in all material respects, with the state laws and regulations referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2012, except as described in the accompanying <u>Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs</u>.

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying <u>Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs</u>. We did not audit the responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the District's Board, management, California State Controller's Office, California Department of Finance, California Department of Education, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Stephen Roatch Accountancy Corporation

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Certified Public Accountants

December 7, 2012

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Ross Valley School District San Anselmo, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ross Valley School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 7, 2012. The report on the financial statements was qualified because the financial statements do not include financial data for the District's legally separate component unit. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for the component unit to be reported with the financial data of the District's primary government unless the District also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component unit. The District has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of Ross Valley School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying <u>Schedule of Findings</u> <u>and Questioned Costs</u>, that we consider to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, as noted in **Finding 12-1**. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Board of Education Ross Valley School District Page Two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying <u>Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs</u>. We did not audit the response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the District's Board, management, California State Controller's Office, California Department of Finance, California Department of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Stephen Roatch Accountancy Corporation

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Certified Public Accountants

December 7, 2012

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Education Ross Valley School District San Anselmo, California

<u>Compliance</u>

We have audited Ross Valley School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Ross Valley School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Ross Valley School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Ross Valley School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Ross Valley School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Ross Valley School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Board of Education Ross Valley School District Page Two

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Ross Valley School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the District's Board, management, California State Controller's Office, California Department of Finance, California Department of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Stephen Roatch Accountancy Corporation

STEPHEN ROATCH ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION Certified Public Accountants

December 7, 2012

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SECTION

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Qualified	
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X No
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	YesYes	X No X None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unqualified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510(a)	Yes	X No
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA Number Federal Program		
84.410Education Jobs Fund84.027 & 84.391Special Education Cluster		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$300,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes	X No
State Awards		
Internal control over state programs: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unqualified	_

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SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

12 - 1 / 30000

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SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

MEAL REIMBURSEMENT CLAIM REPORTING

<u>Criteria</u> :	reports should be independ	on the District-wide monthly lunch count lently verified for mathematical accuracy to nts are accurate and complete, prior to abursement to the state.
<u>Condition</u> :	verified for mathematical ac accurate and complete.	h count reports were not independently curacy to ensure that reported counts were As a result, the District understated the d for reimbursement to the State by a s for fiscal year 2011-12.
Questioned Costs:	None. The error understate state revenues by \$47.41.	ed the federal revenues by \$714.24 and the
<u>Context</u> :	Errors were only noted in th State for the month of March	ne claim for reimbursement submitted to the n 2012.
<u>Effect</u> :	The District did not claim r served during fiscal year 20	eimbursement for all of the eligible meals 11-12.
<u>Cause</u> :		h count reports were not independently curacy to ensure that reported counts were
Recommendation:	The District should require that all District-wide monthly lunch count reports be independently verified for mathematical accuracy to ensure that reported counts are accurate and complete, prior to submitting the claim for reimbursement to the state. In addition, the District should revise the March 2012 monthly reimbursement claim and report the following national school lunch program meals served:	
	Free Reduced Paid Total	3,344 1,160 <u>6,948</u> <u>11,452</u>
District Response:	Manager and will be verified	ch counts will be prepared by the Program I by the Business Manager, before the claim The District will revise the March 2012

ROSS VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There are no matters to report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

SECTION IV - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

12 - 2 / 10000	
SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY	
ATTENDANCE - DISTRICT	
<u>Criteria</u> :	In accordance with Education Code Section 46000, attendance in all schools and classes shall be recorded and kept according to regulations prescribed by the State Board of Education.
Condition:	Mathematical errors occurred in the accumulation of the attendance data used in calculating Average Daily Attendance (ADA) for the P-2 attendance report.
Questioned Costs:	The total ADA reported on the P-2 attendance report was overstated by 3.38 ADA. The fiscal impact was calculated by multiplying the overstated ADA by the deficited base revenue limit of \$5,096.49, and is estimated to be \$17,226 for the P-2 report.
<u>Context</u> :	The condition noted was identified during the verification of all manual calculations involved in the preparation of the P-2 attendance report.
<u>Effect</u> :	Errors that affect the level of state funding received by the District occurred and were not detected by the District.
<u>Cause</u> :	Information reported on the P-2 attendance report was not independently traced to supporting documentation and manual calculations were not independently verified by a second employee, prior to completing the P-2 attendance report.
Recommendation:	Someone other than the preparer of the attendance reports should review supporting documentation and manual calculations used in the preparation of attendance reports, to ensure that reported information is accurate and complete. In addition, the District's P-2 attendance report should be revised to reflect the ADA presented on the Schedule of Average Daily Attendance on page 52 of this report.
<u>District Response</u> :	The Business Manager will review all attendance reports prepared by staff and verify their accuracy before they are submitted to the state. A revised 2011-12 P-2 Attendance Report has been filed with the state.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

SECTION IV - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

12 - 3 / 10000

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SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

ATTENDANCE - WHITE HILL MIDDLE SCHOOL

<u>Criteria</u> :		In accordance with Education Code Section 46000, attendance in all schools and classes shall be recorded and kept according to regulations prescribed by the State Board of Education.	
Conditions:	1.	Weekly attendance reports, which are used by teachers to document the daily attendance of students, were not filed and maintained in an orderly manner.	
	2.	The attendance clerk is not monitoring whether teachers turn in their signed weekly attendance reports.	
Questioned Costs:		None. Period attendance is recorded on-line in the classrooms by the teachers and can be relied upon.	
<u>Context</u> :		The conditions were noted at the White Hill Middle Schoo! throughout fiscal year 2011-12.	
<u>Effects</u> :	1.	Since the weekly attendance reports were not filed in an organized manner, it was very difficult to locate specific attendance reports in a timely manner.	
	2.	There is no documented evidence that period attendance was taken by teachers if signed weekly attendance reports are not submitted to the attendance clerk.	
<u>Cause</u> :		The attendance clerk did not follow established District attendance procedures.	
Recommendations:	1.	The attendance clerk should maintain the signed weekly attendance reports by school month, separated by school week, by teacher, in alphabetical order.	
	2.	The District should enforce policies and procedures that require the attendance clerk to track whether teachers turn in signed weekly attendance reports, perform follow-up procedures on delinquent teachers, and report those delinquent teachers to the appropriate supervisor(s).	
<u>District Response</u> :		The new White Hill Attendance Clerk has been trained in appropriate procedures for collecting and filing signed weekly attendance reports prepared by teachers. District office staff has worked closely with White Hill staff regarding training and support in all aspects of attendance accounting. White Hill office staff members have also attended workshops in proper attendance accounting procedures.	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

SECTION IV - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONCLUDED)

12 - 4 / 72000

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT CARD - FACILITIES

<u>Criteria</u> :	In accordance with guidance provided by the California Department of Education (CDE), the disclosures regarding safety, cleanliness, and adequacy of school facilities, which are required by Education Code Section 33126 (b)(9) to be presented in the school accountability report card prepared for each school, are to be based on the most recent available data collected by the District.
<u>Condition</u> :	The disclosures regarding safety, cleanliness, and adequacy of school facilities, which were presented in the school accountability report cards during the 2011-12 school year, for all school sites, were not consistent with the most recent available data collected by the District.
Questioned Cost:	None.
<u>Context</u> :	The condition was noted at all school sites.
<u>Effect</u> :	The disclosures regarding safety, cleanliness, and adequacy of school facilities, which were presented in the school accountability report cards during the 2011-12 school year, for all school sites, were not presented in accordance with state guidelines.
<u>Cause</u> :	The District did not implement the prior year recommendation.
Recommendation:	Future school accountability report card disclosures regarding safety, cleanliness, and adequacy of school facilities, should be based on and consistent with the most recent available data collected by the District.
District Response:	Staff have been trained on the proper disclosures to be included in the School Accountability Report Card.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Recommendations

Current Status

Explanation If Not Fully Implemented

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11 - 1 / 30000

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

FINANCIAL REPORTING - UNAUDITED ACTUALS

The District should develop a comprehensive financial reporting checklist, which can be used by staff during the year-end closing process, to prevent material misstatements from occurring in the future.

11 - 2 / 30000

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE / PAYABLE RECONCILIATION

The District should establish procedures that require all accounts receivable and accounts payable accruals, established in the prior fiscal year, to be reconciled to the amounts received and paid. Any differences noted between the amounts accrued and the amounts actually received and paid should be investigated and cleared in a timely manner.

11 - 3 / 30000

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

BOARD MINUTES

The District should implement procedures to ensure that board minutes are recorded and maintained for each board meeting, and that these board minutes are reviewed and approved by the governing board in a subsequent board meeting. Partially Implemented The District will implement as time and resources allow. Comment Not Repeated

Implemented

Partially Implemented The District has improved substantially from the prior fiscal year, and has implemented procedures to ensure future compliance. Comment Not Repeated.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Recommendations

Current Status

Implemented

Explanation If Not Fully Implemented

STATE AWARDS

11 - 4 / 10000

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

NON-PUBLIC SCHOOL ATTENDANCE

A worksheet should be used by the District to accumulate the days of attendance for each student at the various nonpublic, nonsectarian schools. The District should request the various nonpublic, and use nonsectarian schools school calendars to calculate the ADA that should be claimed on the P-2 and the Annual attendance reports. In addition, the District's P-2 and Annual attendance reports should be revised to reflect the Audited ADA.

11 - 5 / 72000

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT CARD - FACILITIES

Future school accountability report card disclosures regarding safety, cleanliness, and adequacy of school facilities, should be based on and consistent with the most recent available data collected by the District. Not Implemented Comment Repeated (See 12-4)